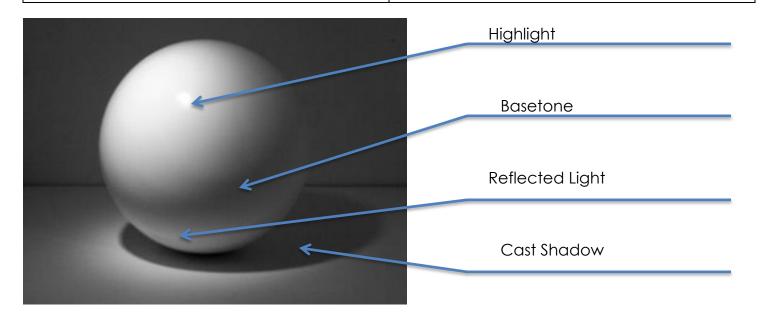
Name:\_\_\_ANSWER KEY\_\_\_\_\_

## STUDY GUIDE FOR MIDTERM EXAM ANSWER KEY Midterm Exam: Friday, October 5th

| Value: Variation in hue from light to dark.       | Scratchboard: A drawing board coated         |
|---|--|
|   | with white clay and black ink.               |
|   |  |
| Hatching: Closely drawn parallel lines.           |  |
|   |  |
|   | Subtractive Method: Making an image by       |
|   | removing drawing material.                   |
| Crosshatching: Lines that crisscross together     |  |
| to form different values.                         | Planar Analysis: Breaking down values into a |
|   | series of shapes or planes.                  |
| C <u>ross contour:</u> Lines that curve along the |  |
| contours of a form                                | Chiaroscuro: Italian word meaning "light     |
|   | and dark", refers to high contrast value.    |



| Per de la desta de la desta<br>Terretaria de la desta de<br>Terretaria de la desta de<br>Terretaria de la desta de<br>Terretaria de la desta de<br>Terretaria de la desta desta de la desta desta de la desta desta de la desta desta de la desta de | Artist:<br>Dürer    | What animal is this image based off of and<br>where did it come from?<br>Rhinoceros from someone else's description |
|--|---------------------|---|
|  | Artist:<br>Da Vinci | How did Leonardo Da Vinci make his<br>drawings?<br>drew lots of studies from direct observation                     |
|  | Artist:<br>Merian   | Where did Merian go with her daughter to<br>draw? Suriname<br>What was her primary subject matter?<br>Insects       |
|  | Artist:<br>Haeckel  | What is the name of Haeckel's famous<br>book?<br>Art Forms Of Nature  |
|  | Artist:<br>Audubon  | How did Audubon achieve the uniquely<br>lifelike bird paintings?<br>Taxidermy, so he could pose them                |
|  | Artist:<br>Escher   | What medium is this?<br>Woodcut<br>What method did he use to create this<br>image? Subtractive                      |



Rembrandt

Chiaroscuro



Caravaggio

Chiaroscuro

Directions:

- 1. Draw the image shown here using the steps we learned in class.
- 2. Make the drawing the same size and proportions as the reference image using your measuring strategies.
- 3. Leave all of your drawing steps and measurements visible. Do not erase them.
- 4. Draw the Planar Analysis shapes, and do not erase them.
- 5. Create the values and textures using linear mark-making only.
- 6. Add as much detail as possible.

